# Learning Organiser: What happened to the boy behind the golden mask?

<u>Key objective</u>		Important things I will know, understand		Important subject vocabulary I will learn	
Reach a judgement as to what might have caused the death of		<u>and do</u>		Artefact	An object of historic
Pharoah Tutankhamun.		The significance of the discovery of the	he tomb		importance made by a
Important concepts I will understand		of Pharoah Tutankhamun in 1922			human being.
Conflict	A struggle or clash between opposing forces,	The range of artefacts that the tomb What these artefacts suggest about t		Pharoah	A king or queen of Ancient Egypt.
Caract	interests or ideas.	and beliefs of Egyptian pharaohs		Sarcophagus	A large stone or wooden
Conquest	Gain control of a place or people by military force.	Why ensuring that a pharaoh entered	l Afterlife		coffin often covered with
Ruler	A person who has the power to govern or control a	was so important to ordinary people			inscriptions and
Empire	place or territory.	Egypt			decoration.
Empire	A group of countries ruled by a single person,	Why the cause of death of Tutankhar	nun	Embalming	The process of preserving
Military	government or country. The armed forces of a country.	remains a mystery			something such as a body
Power	Having control or command over people.	The possible causes of his death		Desisets	to stop it decaying. Remove the moisture from
War	Armed conflict between different countries or people	The possible causes of his death		Desiccate	
vvai	within a country (civil war).	Important historical sources I will use			something so that it is
Civilisation	An advanced society with its own system of	Photographs		Malaria	completely dry. A fever caused by a
Civilisation	government, laws and written language.	Diaries		Maialia	parasite spread by
Monarchy	A form of government with a king or queen at its	Artefacts			mosquitoes in tropical
inconcervy .	head.	Murals			areas.
Alliance	A formal agreement between two or more countries.	Forensic reports		Forensic	Applying scientific
Society	A community of people who share a common way of	Books			methods to the
Society	life.	Historical fiction			investigation of crimes.
Change	The process or actions by which something or				
5	someone becomes different	Important Artefact	<u>Important</u>	<u>places I will visit</u>	
Causation	The connections between events where one thing	Book of the Dead	25 Mediterran	ean Sea W. Bank SyR.	
	happens as a result of another.		Marsá Matrúh Sh	Tanța Said II. Jor.	A PART A
Significance	Identifying events, sources, people, places or ideas which are most important.		-® ( Cattara Depression Sīwah Al Fa	Ayyum CAIRO SINAI Ayyum Mownt Cathemen SAU, AR.	
Perspective	Seeing events from different viewpoints.			Al Ghardaqah Sharm ash Shayut	the The
Sources	Evidence that is used to gather information and reach judgements.		Al Khā	rijah	AND ANY
Chronology	Arranging historical events in their correct time			Aswān	
	order.		0 100 000 km	Lake Nasser Halà'ib Triangle	
Empathy	Placing yourself in another's position to better understand their actions.		0 100 200 km 0 100 200 mi	sudan s	Valley of the Kings





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### Disciplinary thinking skills I will use to understand what I learn

Select	Choosing the information most suitable and relevant.
Synthesising	Bringing together a range of ideas and facts from different sources to develop an explanation.
Explaining	Showing understanding of how or why something happened the way it did.
Empathising	Placing yourself in another's position to better understand their actions.
Concluding	Summing up the main points about something.
Reaching a judgment	Expressing a personal view about something supported by evidence.
Justifying	Giving reasons supported by evidence to show what you consider right or reasonable.
Evaluating	Weighing up and judging the relative importance of something compared with other ideas and arguments.
Critiquing	Considering the validity or trustworthiness of evidence.

## **Timeline of Ancient Egypt**

6000 BC : First settlers arrive in the Nile Valley.

**5000 BC** : Farms growing wheat and barley and keeping cows and sheep now widespread.

**4500 BC** : First evidence of sailing ships.

**3500 BC** : First wall paintings and writing using hieroglyphic symbols.

3000 BC : First walled towns built.

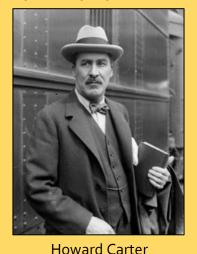
**<u>2500 BC</u>** : Giant Sphinx and Great Pyramid of Giza constructed.

**<u>1550 BC</u>** : The Valley of the Kings now contains many royal tombs.

1325 BC : Tutankhamun buried.

**332 BC** : Egypt invaded by Alexander the Great and becomes part of the Greek empire.

#### Important people I will investigate

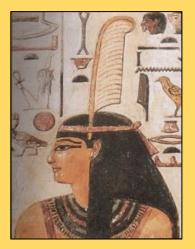


Horemheb



Tutankhamun





Ma'at