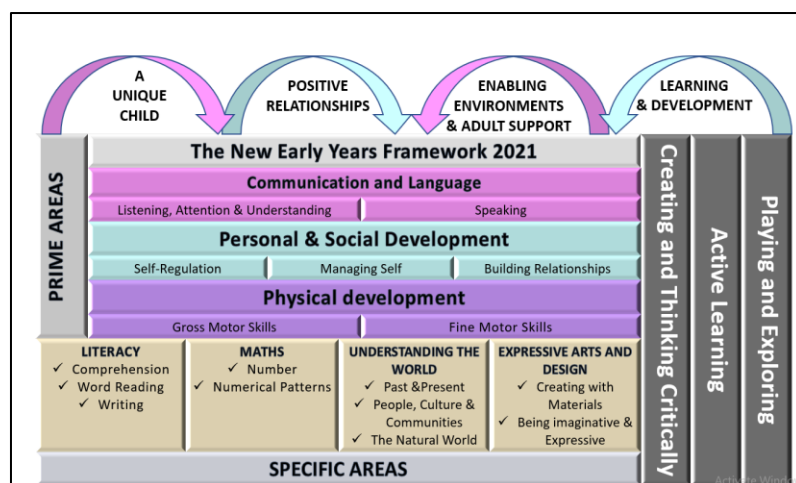


Reception EYFS Long Term Overview 2025-2026

School: North Petherwin	
Completed by a School Leader/ Key Stage Leader: Becky Johns (Class teacher)	Name/ Signature/ Date: <i>B. Johns</i> 05/09/21 (updated 01/09/25)
Shared with Curriculum Leaders: Jonny Phillpotts/ Jodie Trevorah	Name/ Signature/ Date: <i>J. Phillpotts</i> 05/09/21
Monitored by Curriculum Leader: To ensure subject coverage and weighting.	Name/ Signature/ Date: <i>J. Trevorah</i> 01/09/24



Characteristics of Effective Teaching and Learning

Playing and exploring: - Children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go'. Children who actively participate in their own play develop a larger store of information and experiences to draw on which positively supports their learning

Active learning: - Children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties. They are proud of their own achievements. For children to develop into self-regulating, lifelong learners they are required to take ownership, accept challenges and learn persistence.

Creating and thinking critically: - Children develop their own ideas and make links between these ideas. They think flexibly and rationally, drawing on previous experiences which help them to solve problems and reach conclusions.

Overarching Principles

Unique Child: Every child is unique and has the potential to be resilient, capable, confident and self-assured.

Positive Relationships: Children flourish with warm, strong & positive partnerships between all staff and parents/carers. This promotes independence across the EYFS curriculum. Children and practitioners are NOT alone – embrace each community.

Enabling environments: Children learn and develop well in safe and secure environments where routines are established and where adults respond to their individual needs and passions and help them to build upon their learning over time. Children benefit from a strong partnership between practitioners and parents and/or carers.

Learning and Development: Children develop and learn at different rates. We must be aware of children who need greater support than others.

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EYFS Curriculum - Intent, Implementation and Impact

Intent – Why do we teach what we teach?

At North Petherwin School we place great value on the development of children as individuals and providing them with the skills, knowledge and understanding they need to prepare them for the challenges in Key Stage One and beyond. Our aim in the EYFS is to build strong foundations rooted in academic success as well as moral and spiritual development, so that ultimately our pupils can be successful and go on to be active citizens of society and happy, curious life-long learners.

Our curriculum is therefore the cultural capital we know our pupils need so that they can gain the knowledge, skills and understanding they require for success. They can only do that if we embed the right habits for learning through the Characteristics of Effective Teaching and Learning – Play and Exploration, Active Learning and Creative and Critical Thinking. Our EYFS Curriculum has been designed to reflect the nature of our school environment, the seasons of the year and the nature around our school. It aims to teach the children how their environment compares to different places, cultures and nature in other parts of the world.

Our enabling environment and warm, skilful adult interactions support the children as they begin to link learning to their play and exploration. As the pupils move into Reception, we invest time and energy into helping pupils set and reflect on their own goals by aiming high and developing a love of reading, writing and number. This is delivered through a holistic curriculum which maximises opportunities for meaningful cross-curricular links and learning experiences as well as promoting the unique child by offering extended periods of play and sustained thinking following children's interests and ideas. We value imagination and creativity and seek to create a sense of enjoyment and fascination in learning through vibrant continuous provision, alongside trips, visits and regular Wild Tribe sessions.

Implementation-How do we teach what we teach?

This ambitious Early Year's curriculum aims to teach all children the skills and knowledge they need in order that they reach the seventeen Early Learning Goals described in the Early Years Foundation Stage. Pupils learn through a range of child-initiated and adult-directed activities. Our timetable is carefully structured so that children have directed teaching in maths and phonics everyday, as well as English/Topic sessions three times per week and regular circle time sessions to focus on PSED. All activities are expertly modelled, and children are given sufficient time, support and resources to repeat and practise them. Our small class size enables the teacher to systematically check for understanding, identify and respond to misconceptions quickly and provide real-time verbal feedback which results in a strong impact on the acquisition of new learning.

Children are provided with plenty of time to engage in play (busy learning) throughout the carefully planned environment which is designed to engage and challenge them in their continuous provision. The curriculum is planned for the inside and outside and equal importance is given to learning in both areas. The curriculum is planned in a cross-curricular way to enable all aspects of the children's development including understanding the world and expressive art and design as well as to promote sustained thinking and active learning. We have carefully planned our curriculum to include diversity (gender, disability, BAME – Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic) to ensure it is diverse and inclusive. Where there are key links, these are highlighted in **green**. We have also highlighted key links to our teaching on Sustainability; these are highlighted in **Yellow**.

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Reading is at the heart of our curriculum. Children follow the rigorous and highly successful Read, Write Inc program so that they meet good outcomes for reading. Both Nursery and Reception follow a half termly theme (which are adapted and evolve with the children's interests). From this, we have chosen multiple high-quality texts to create an integrated approach to learning from which pupils can experience the full curriculum ensuring that all children leaving the Foundation Stage are ready to start the KS1 curriculum. Each learning focus does not last a specific amount of time but is based on the children's learning at the time, and so can run from anything between two and seven weeks. All of the overarching themes have resources and activities ready to use in the enhanced provision. Specific concepts are introduced with a good quality storybook or age appropriate non – fiction text. Using books in this way teaches children that books and reading form the basis of all learning.

We follow the White Rose Maths scheme as well as supplementing materials using NCTEM with an emphasis on studying key skills of number, calculation and shape so that pupils develop deep understanding and the acquisition of mathematical language. Pupils learn through games and tasks using concrete manipulatives which are then rehearsed and applied to their own learning during exploration. Nursery pupils begin to develop these key skills during short daily maths sessions where they explore sorting, quantities, shape, number and counting awareness. These early mathematical experiences are designed to help pupils remember the content they have been taught and to support them with integrating their new knowledge across the breadth of their experiences and into larger concepts.

Our inclusive approach means that all children learn together but we do provide additional intervention and support to enhance and scaffold children who may not be reaching their potential or moving on children who are doing very well. This includes, for example, additional adult-led sessions, speech and language interventions and 'catch-up' provision in Maths. Staff also use 'pinny time' which is a quick, on the spot intervention focused on sight words, blending and number retention with target individuals. The characteristics of effective learning are viewed as an integral part of all areas of learning and are reflected in our observations of children.

Impact-How do we know what children have learnt and how well they have learnt it?

Our curriculum and its delivery ensure that children make good progress toward their age-related expectations before transitioning into Year One from their individual starting points. It is designed to meet the needs of all our children, including our disadvantaged pupils and those with SEND. We spend time looking at and evaluating how children are learning. This is achieved through talking to children, looking at their work, observing their learning experiences and analysing data and progress by year groups and individuals. Every member of staff uses ongoing observational assessment to identify children's starting points and plan experiences which ensure progress. We use the Development Matters checkpoints to establish whether children are on-track. We use this information on a weekly basis to plan learning experiences and next steps so that knowledge and skills are built cumulatively. During each assessment window, three times a year, teachers update the progress children have made onto ITrack which allows us to assess the impact of teaching and evaluate whether it has been enough. Evidence of children's learning including observations, photographs and contributions from parents are recorded using our online learning journey system 2simple and Class DoJo. Other evidence such as independent work samples and teacher annotations are recorded in the child's paper 'learning journey' which children use to reflect on their progress through pupil voice.

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Area of Learning	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Possible Themes/Interests/Lines of Enquiry <i>NB: These themes may be adapted at various points to allow for children's interests to flow through the provision</i>	All about Me! Starting school/new beginnings Rules and routines All about me, families, homes Feelings and emotions Human body/ Staying healthy/safe Roald Dahl Day Harvest Seasonal changes- Autumn	Let's Celebrate! World Space Week Neil Armstrong Guy Fawkes/ Bonfire night Diwali Hannukah Christmas Time/Nativity Black History Month Remembrance Day People Who Help Us Children in Need Anti- Bullying Week Seasonal changes-Winter	On the Move! Around our local area/local landmarks/where we live Vehicles past and Present Road Safety Map work - Find the Treasure Start of Ramadan Chinese New Year	All creatures great and small! Animals around the world Habitats-comparing places Animal Life cycles Night and day animals David Attenborough Seasonal changes-Spring Easter St Pirans Day	Seeds, Soil and Sunshine! Growing/Plants & Flowers Plant Life cycles Mini Beasts & Lifecycles Weather/seasons Vincent Van Gogh Study Andy Goldsworthy: Sculptures World Environment Day-sustainability	Deep Sea Detectives! Under the sea Marine life Holidays around the world Fossils – Mary Anning Healthy Eating Week Recycling, looking after the world Seasonal changes-Summer

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Key Texts	Fiction						
Literacy Tree		'The Colour Monster Goes to school' by Anna Llenas DC	'Whatever Next' by Jill Murphy	'The Naughty Bus' by Jan Oke LT	'Mama Panya's Pancakes' by Mary and Rich Chamberlin	'Jack and the beanstalk' – Traditional Tale DC	'The Night Pirates' by Peter Harris LT DC
Drawing Club		'So Much' by Trish Cooke LT	'Beegu' by Alexis Deacon DC	'Mr. Gumpy's Outing' by John Burningham	'Handa's Surprise' by Eileen Browne DC	The Enormous Turnip- Traditional Tale DC	'The Lighthouse Keepers Lunch' by Ronda Armitage
Diversity		'Hair Love' by Matthew Cherry	'Room on the Broom' by Julia Donaldson DC	'Rosie's Walk' by Pat Hutchins DC	'Bringing the Rain to Kapiti Plain' by Verna Aardema LT	The Tiny Seed by Eric Carle LT	Somebody Swallowed Stanley by Sarah Roberts
Sustainability		'Have you filled a Bucket Today?' by Carol McCloud	'Look Up' by Nathan Bryon and Dapo Adeola LT	'Izzy Gizmo' by Pip Jones LT	'Where the Wild Things are' by Maurice Sendak DC	The extraordinary Gardener by Sam Boughton LT	'The Giant Jam Sandwich' by Vernon Lord DC
		'Little Red Hen' by Kaye Umansky DC	Christmas Story / Nativity	Little Red Riding Hood Traditional Tale DC	'Hairy MaClary from Donaldson's Dairy' by Lynley Dodd LT	'Super Worm' by Julia Donaldson DC	'Clean Up' by Nathan Bryon
		Goldilocks and the Three Bears- Traditional Tale DC	'The Runaway Iceberg' (Twinkl Original)	'The Everywhere Bear' by Julia Donaldson			'The Snail and the Whale' by Julia Donaldson DC
	Non-fiction	'Me and My Amazing Body' Joan Sweeney and Ed Miller	'Seasons' by Hannah Pang and Clover Robin	'You Choose' by Pippa Goodheart and Nick Sharratt	'Caterpillar Butterfly' by Vivian French	'Caterpillar and Bean: A Science Storybook about Growing' by Martin Jenkins	'All About Fossils' by Cody Crane
Communication, Language and Literacy	We aim to become... Confident Communicators who can listen carefully in different situations, hold a conversation with friends and adults, ask relevant questions and use new vocabulary to explain ideas and feelings						
Listening, Attention and Understanding	Whole EYFS Focus – C&L is developed throughout the year through high quality interactions, daily group discussions, circle time, PSHE times, stories, singing, speech and language interventions, Makaton, Pie Corbett T4W actions, The Write Stuff language, EYFS productions and assemblies. The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development.						
Speaking	Listening, Attention and Understanding: - Listen attentively to key class stories/texts and respond to what they hear with relevant questions. - Be confident to make a comment during a whole class discussion. - Use actions to demonstrate ideas during small group interactions. - Make comments about what they have heard in adult and child led activities. - Independently ask questions to clarify their understanding. - Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.						

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	Speaking: - Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences. - Use past, present and future tenses in context with their own level of understanding e.g. When I was a baby I played with a rattle, now I like to kick a ball and when I'm grown up, I'll have a real bike. - Use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher (and, then, next) - Participate in small group discussions with adult support. - Have one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. - Offer explanations for why things might happen. - Use vocabulary from key stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems in child led play. - Learn new vocabulary. - Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound. - Use new vocabulary in different contexts. - Use new vocabulary through the day. - Learn rhymes, poems, and songs.					
	Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Engage in story times.	Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Develop social phrases. Engage in story times.	Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences. Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives. Engage in non-fiction books. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary	Describe events in some detail. Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities. Explain how things work and why they might happen.	Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Engage in non-fiction books. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.	Retell stories once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Use new vocabulary in different contexts.
Circle Time	Listen attentively to others, speak clearly to explain ideas, thoughts and feelings.					
Busy Learning	Practice using new vocabulary, develop social phrases, engage in conversation with friends and adults, speak clearly to explain ideas and thoughts, engage in and talk about books, retell stories and create their own.					
Story song time	Learn new vocabulary, engage in and talk about books. Learn rhymes, poems and songs. The Poetry basket.					
	Possible Enhancements:					

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	Story telling shelves – The colour Monster Create feelings/emotions interest table.	Story telling shelves – Whatever Next (space) Create icy environments in small world area.	Story telling shelves – The naughty bus. Links to transport, maps etc. In all areas-various maps	Story telling shelves- Handa's Surprise Small World-animal habitats	Story telling shelves – Jack and the Beanstalk. Interest table-growing, plants, beans, life cycles.	Interest table-under the sea/fossils Digging for treasure in the sand (grid reference)
Personal, Social and Emotional Development Building Relationships Managing Self Self-Regulation	We aim to become... <i>Independent Individuals</i> who can follow our School rules, set simple goals and persevere to achieve them, select resources, manage their own personal needs and know how to stay fit and healthy. And <i>Fantastic Friends</i> who can be kind, caring and helpful, show empathy and respect to others, work and play co-operatively whilst considering others' ideas and feelings. Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial in order for them to lead healthy and happy lives, and is fundamental to their cognitive development. We understand that children develop in individual ways and at varying rates; physically, cognitively, linguistically, socially and emotionally. Self-Regulation: - Take into considerations the feeling of others e.g. comforts a peer when they are hurt, finds way to compromise to solve disagreements, sharing and negotiating. - Know and accept consequences for some behaviours of themselves and others and is able to tolerate and manage feelings when their wishes cannot be met e.g. accepting and managing the disappointment felt when accessing a wanted resource that isn't available or being used by another. - Follow and listen to what the adults says even when engaged in another activity e.g. stopping an activity and returning to the carpet when asked. - Awareness of behavioural expectations and follows routines – e.g. sitting on carpet spot, lining up, RWI expectations, tidying up. Managing Self: - Accept and seek challenges willingly and are confident to try new activities, showing, independence, resilience and perseverance e.g. shows confidence in selecting resources and persevering to achieve the chosen activity when difficulties arise – trying again and rebuilding a tower that collapses. - Is happy to confidently share with others their own needs, interests' opinions in familiar group e.g. willing to describe what they can do well and want to get better at in a positive way. - Show an understanding for the need for expectations and is able to explain why they are important e.g. to keep themselves and others safe. Follows the					

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	rules and expectations. ▪ Manage their own toileting and handwashing needs as well as dressing and undressing e.g. follows the handwashing sequence and washes hands after the toilet, dresses and undresses independently for wild tribe, discusses the importance of healthy food. ▪ Shows a clear understanding of the importance of healthy food choices e.g. sugary foods vs vegetables. Building Relationships: ▪ Plays cooperatively and take turns with others during play projects and set challenges. ▪ Comes into class independently and confidently leave parents/carers. ▪ Form positive attachments with known adults and friendships with peers. ▪ Show sensitivity to their own and to others’ needs e.g. listening to others ideas and adapting to keep play going.					
	See themselves as a valuable individual. Build constructive and respectful relationships. Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others.		Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally.		Think about the perspectives of others. Manage their own needs.	
	PSHE Coram Education-SCARF SCARF: Safety, Caring, Achievement, Resilience, Friendship					
	Me & My Relationships	Valuing Difference	Keeping Safe	Rights & Respect	Being My Best	Growing & Changing
	All about me What makes me special Me and my special people Who can help me? My feelings My feelings (2)	I'm special, you're special. Same and different Same and different families. Same and different homes. I am caring I am a friend	What's safe to go onto my body? Keeping Myself Safe - What's safe to go into my body (including medicines)? Safety indoors and outdoors Listening to my feelings Keeping safe online People who help to keep me safe	Looking after my special people Looking after my friends Being helpful at home and caring for our classroom Caring for our world Looking after money (1): recognising, spending, using Looking after money (2): saving money and keeping it safe	Bouncing back when things go wrong Yes, I can! Healthy eating My healthy mind Move your body A good night's sleep	Seasons Life stages - plants, animals, humans. Life Stages: Human life stage - who will I be? Where do babies come from? Getting bigger Me and my body - girls and boys
	Daily Routines	Self-registration, book voting, tidy-up time routines, change independently for PE, turning clothes the right way round, change into wet weather gear, use toilets independently, snack time (whole class or free-flow during busy learning), lunchtimes, getting ready for home, follow the class rules/charter, to be ready, safe and respectful.				
Busy Learning	Build relationships with others, see themselves as a valued individual, set simple challenges, show resilience and perseverance, manage feelings and behaviour appropriately, play co-operatively, take turns and share, show sensitivity to others					
Story/song time	Experience, explore and talk about positive relationships, feelings and emotion, diversity					

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Physical Development Gross Motor Fine Motor	We aim to become... Amazing Athletes who can show strength, balance and co-ordination when playing, move confidently and safely in a variety of different ways, use a range of equipment. And Talented Tool Users who can hold a pencil effectively, use a range of tools (for example scissors, cutlery, paintbrushes, tweezers, hammer, screwdrivers) safely and with confidence. Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Gross Motor Skills: ▪ Ride a balance bike with control and stop on command. ▪ Throw an object e.g. bean bag, small ball, foam javelin over a 1 metre distance. ▪ Run, skip and jump on different surfaces confidently (grass, concrete, PE equipment) ▪ Roll /bend knees when dismounting from inside apparatus or outside active provision including ramps, trees, slopes. Fine Motor Skills: ▪ Hold a pencil effectively so mark making/formation is legible. ▪ Uses scissors to cut paper, thin card, fabric, thin plastic and textiles. ▪ Uses a screwdriver to screw screws into wood. ▪ Uses a hammer to place nails into soft items (such as a pumpkin). ▪ Uses a saw to cut thin pieces of wood. ▪ Uses a variety of paintbrush sizes. ▪ Uses a knife, fork and spoon when eating at dinner time. ▪ When drawing, controls the pencil carefully, showing some accuracy • Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient.					
	Physical Education					
	Me & Myself	Movement Development	Dance	Fitness	Fun & Games	Ball Games
	Move with confidence, travel in different ways with control and co-ordination. Further develop the skills they need to manage the school	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: rolling, crawling, walking, jumping, running, hopping, skipping, climbing.	Combine different movements with ease and fluency.	Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: regular physical activity, healthy eating, toothbrushing, sensible amounts of 'screen time',	Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group.	Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming. Develop confidence, competence, precision, and accuracy when

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	day successfully: Waiting for their turn, finding a space, lining up and queuing, following simple instructions, dressing & personal hygiene.			having a good sleep routine.		engaging in activities that involve a ball.
Funky Fingers	Activities to help develop all the children's pivot points – shoulder, elbow, wrist, distal (fingers) to support pencil grip and writing, different routine each term					
Lunch Time	Hold and use a knife and fork correctly, understand about healthy eating.					
Busy Learning	Revise and refine fundamental movement skills, develop strength, balance, agility and co-ordination. Refine and develop fine motor skills and use a range of tools competently and safely, combine movement, develop ball skills					
Squiggle While we Wiggle	Neurological and physiological movements which develop, strength, balance and co-ordination.					
Literacy <i>Comprehension, Word Reading Writing</i>	We aim to become... Brilliant Bookworms who can show a love for reading, use new vocabulary to talk about what they have read or has been read to them, read words and simple sentences (using single sounds and digraphs they have learnt). And Wow Writers who can write letters that are formed correctly, write words and simple sentences (using single sounds and digraphs they have learnt) that can be read by others. It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing) Comprehension: ▪ Retell class stories and narratives using newly introduced vocabulary in the correct context. ▪ Listen, consider and reason what might happen next when being read to. ▪ Use their knowledge and vocabulary encountered from stories and narratives in their play and discussions with others e.g. using characters and events in their role play, discussing why and how things happen/work (non-fiction) and performing rhymes and poems. Word Reading: <i>Following Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised;</i> ▪ Know phase 2 and 3 sounds and use them to decode words with them in.					

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- Become proficient with using robot talk and blending in your head to blend and read words.
- Be able to read aloud at least red/yellow books and the common exception words they encounter e.g. the, I, you, he, she, was.

Writing:

- Use the correct formation to form letters that can be identified by others.
- Use their phonic knowledge (at least phase 2 and phase 3 sounds) to identify and write sounds they hear in words.
- Articulate and construct a string of words together to form phrases or sentences that can be read by others.
- Use finger spaces and begin to have some understanding of capital letters and full stops.

Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised.

Phonic Sounds: LW Phase 2	Phonic Sounds: LW Phase 2	Phonic Sounds: LW Phase 3	Phonic Sounds: LW Phase 3	Phonic Sounds: LW Phase 4	Phonic Sounds: LW Phase 4
<i>Working on using common consonants and vowels which they can blend for reading simple CVC words.</i> <i>Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them.</i> Reading: Initial sounds, oral blending, CVC sounds, reciting know stories, listening to stories	<i>Working on reading CVC words using a wider range of letters inc. consonant, digraphs and double letters e.g. bell, chick</i> <i>Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter-sound correspondences.</i> Reading: Blending CVC sounds, rhyming, alliteration, knows that print is read from left to right. Spotting diagraphs in words.	<i>Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them.</i> <i>Read a few common exception and tricky words matched to the LW programme.</i> Reading: Rhyming strings, common theme in traditional tales, identifying characters and settings. Help children to become familiar with letter groups. Provide opportunities for children	<i>Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, exception words.</i> <i>Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.</i> Reading: Story structure- beginning, middle, end. Innovating and retelling stories to an audience, non-fiction books.	<i>Form lower-case and capital letters correctly.</i> <i>Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s.</i> Reading: Non-fiction texts, Internal blending, Naming letters of the alphabet. Distinguishing capital letters and lower case letters.	<i>Write short sentences with words with known letter-sound correspondences using a capital letter and full stop.</i> <i>Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense.</i> Reading: Reading simple sentences with fluency. Reading CVCC and CCVC words confidently. End of term assessments Transition work with Year 1 staff

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	with attention and recall. Help children to read the sounds speedily. This will make sound-blending easier Listen to children read aloud, ensuring books are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge.	Using 'segmenting fingers' as they say each sound. For exception words such as 'the' and 'said', help children identify the sound that is tricky to spell.	to read words containing familiar letter groups.	Listen to children read some longer words made up of letter-sound correspondences they know: 'rabbit', 'himself', 'jumping'. Children should not be required to use other strategies to work out words.		
Literacy Comprehension and Vocabulary	Joining in with rhymes and showing an interest in stories with repeated refrains. Environment print. Understand the five key concepts about print: - print has meaning - print can have different purposes - we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom - the names of the different parts of a book. Sequencing familiar stories through the use of pictures to tell the story. Engage in extended conversations about	Retell stories related to events through acting/role play. Retelling stories using images. Editing of story maps and orally retelling new stories. Non-Fiction Focus Sequence story – use vocabulary of beginning, middle and end. Enjoys an increasing range of books	Making up stories with themselves as the main character Record stories through picture drawing/mark making. Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words. Read a few common exception words matched to RWI. Make the books available for children to share at school and at home. World Book Day March 22nd	Re-read books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment. Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books. They develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events	Stories from other cultures and traditions Retell a story with actions and / or picture prompts as part of a group - Use story language when acting out a narrative. Can explain the main events of a story - Can draw pictures of characters/ event / setting in a story. May include labels, sentences or captions.	Can draw pictures of characters/ event / setting in a story Listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events & respond to what they hear with relevant comments, questions and reactions. Make predictions Beginning to understand that a non-fiction is a non-story- it gives information instead. Fiction means story. - Can point to front cover, back cover, spine, blurb, illustration, illustrator, author and title. Sort books into categories.

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	stories, learning new vocabulary.					
	Overview of writing progression across the year					
Literacy Writing	Working on using common consonants and vowels which they can segment for writing simple CVC words.	Working on writing CVC words using a wider range of letters inc. consonant digraphs and double letters e.g. bell, chick	Working on writing a range of CVC words using all the letters and less frequent consonant digraphs and some long vowel phonemes. Spell phase 2 tricky words. Form Letters correctly	Working on blending adjacent consonants in words and apply this in writing. Write each letter correctly.	Working on segment adjacent consonants in words and apply this in writing. Spell phase 3 tricky words. Write each letter correctly.	
Busy Learning	Writing for a purpose, notes, symbols, words, phrases, signs. Read messages left by others, write messages, engage in and talk about books, retell stories and create their own.					
Phonological Awareness	Orally blend and segment, identify rhyme and continue a rhyming strong, count syllables, discriminate between sounds.					
Story/song time	Learn new vocabulary, engage in and talk about books, anticipate key events, learn rhymes, poems (poetry basket) and song					
Literacy Tree	Possible enhancements for writing (writing roots)					
Text as stimulus: <i>These may change with children's interests</i>	So Much (Family and Friends) Thinking about characters feelings and posting in feelings box. Sort phrases from story into Feelings Zones and then explore who they have in their lives that they enjoyed doing things with 'So Much'. Writing notes home to family.	Look Up (Knowing Yourself) Signs and labels Writing cards/ notes/ messages. Diagrams and factsheets about people. Speech/thought bubbles.	The Naughty Bus (Non-Fiction-recounts) Setting description Creating additional scenes Information writing on buses Labels and lists Inventing a sequel with a new vehicle	Bringing the Rain to Kapiti Plain Labels and simple captions Oral storytelling scribed by the teacher. Tourist Information Leaflet Writing for the role play area Kapiti Plain tourist information centre. Creating own version of fantasy story using zig-zag book	Jack and the Beanstalk DC retell parts of the story / repeated refrains / speech bubbles Label and write captions. Recall parts of the story. Speech bubbles and thought bubbles from characters in story. Shared writing 'How to trap a giant'. Writing questions to Jack and the Giant. Labelling diagram of plants.	The Night Pirates Writing in role Pirate Passports. Lists, signs and banners How to be a pirate guide Write or dictate own versions of the story. Making maps Big Blue Whale (Information Text) Write facts about whales

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Drawing Club	Possible opportunities for writing					
Text as Stimulus <i>These may change with children's interests</i>	Little Red Hen/ Goldilocks and the Three Bears Copying and writing Writing marks and symbols, initial sounds	Whatever Next/ Room on the Broom/ Rama and Sita Name copying and writing single letters, symbols, CVC words	Rosie's Walk/Little Red Riding Hood Writing phonetically decodable words, labels and captions	Handa's Surprise/ Where the Wild Things are Writing phonetically decodable words, phrases and captions including phase 2 tricky words	Jack and the Beanstalk, The Enormous Turnip, Super worm Writing phonetically decodable words, simple sentences	The Night Pirates/ The Giant Jam Sandwich, The Snail and The Whale Writing phonetically decodable words, sentences which can be read by other's including phase 3 tricky words

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Maths Number Numerical Pattern Shape and Space	We aim to become... Masters of Maths who can show a deep understanding of numbers to 10, recognise patterns within the number system, subitise, compare quantities and recall number bonds to 5. Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes. Number: To be competent to use the maths rich continuous provision and adult led teaching to demonstrate a deep understanding of numbers to 10, including the composition of each number by; Counting *Enjoy reciting numbers from 0 to 10 (and beyond) and back from 10 to 0. Counting from different starting points. Learning, singing, using in role play and reciting number rhymes and stories. *Be confidence in putting numerals in order - 0 to 10 (ordinality) *Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers. Cardinality *Be able to subitise numbers to five. Identify patterns of numbers within objects and pictures. Using opportunities of amounts in the environment outside and inside as well as maths resources including 10 frames, counters and Rekenrek. *Matching the numeral with a group of items to show how many there are (up to 10). *Accurately counting out up to 10 objects from a larger group and counting objects, actions and sounds. Using one to one correspondence and saying the numbers in order and matching one number name to each item. Saying how many there are after counting – for example, "...6, 7, 8. There are 8 balls" –appreciating that the last number of the count indicates the total number of the group. This is the cardinal counting principle. Composition *Be aware that numbers are made up (composed) of smaller numbers, exploring partitioning in different ways with a wide range of objects. Conceptually able to subitise larger numbers by subitising smaller groups within the number, e.g. sees six raisins on a plate as three and three. *In practical activities, adds one and subtracts one with numbers to 10. Beginning to be able to explore and work out mathematical problems, using signs and strategies of their own choice. *Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. Using opportunities that arise e.g. there are 5 of us, 3 of us have clipboards how many more do we need? Numerical Patterns: To recognise patterns in the counting system e.g. 10s and ones, and enjoying verbally counting to 20 and beyond. Comparison *Use number names and symbols when comparing numbers and showing interest in numbers. *Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers. *Use the vocabulary: 'more than', 'less than', 'fewer', 'the same as', 'equal to' when discussing amounts and numbers and when estimating a number of things, showing understanding of relative size. *Use concrete objects to explore and represent patterns (numbers up to 10) including odd and even numbers, double facts and sharing.
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Our teaching of maths in reception is based on the Mastering Number (NCTEM) programme and supplemented through the White Rose curriculum for Shape, Space and Measure units and for planning continuous provision throughout the week.						
White Rose Maths	Mastering Number Subitise 3 and 4 - Counting sequences/ -1 correspondence - Composition of number 4 - All numbers are made of 1s - Compare sets by looking and language more than/fewer than Talk about Measures and Patterns (WRM) Make comparisons between objects relating to size, mass, length, weight and capacity. Explore simple patterns (WRM) Copy & continue simple patterns; create simple patterns.	Mastering Number Subitise 5 - Explore cardinality of 5 - Begin to count beyond 5 - Explore concept of wholes and parts - Composition of 5 - Compare sets by looking/subitising and matching Circles and Triangles (WRM) Identify & name circles & triangles; Compare circles & triangles; Shapes in the environment; Describe position. Shapes with 4 sides (WRM) Identify & name shapes with 4 sides; Combine shapes with 4 sides; Shapes in the environment; My day and night.	Mastering Number Subitise 5 cont. - Explore patterns of number beyond 5 - Develop verbal counting, 20 and beyond - Use fingers to represent quantities between 5-10 - Composition of 5/ hidden/missing parts - Compare sets and explore equal/unequal Mass and Capacity (WRM) Compare mass; Find a balance; Explore capacity; Compare capacity. Length, Height & Time (WRM) Explore length; Compare length. Explore 3D Shapes (WRM) Recognise and name 3-D shapes; Find 2-D shapes within 3-D shapes; Use 3-D shapes for tasks.	Mastering Number Explore un/symmetrical patterns - Consolidate cardinality within 10 - Familiarise pattern to 20 - Explore composition of odd and even numbers - Even numbers/doubles - Composition of numbers within 10 - Reason with 'how-many-ness' of numbers Length, Height & Time cont. (WRM) Explore height; Compare height. Manipulate, Compose & Decompose (WRM) Select shapes for a purpose; Rotate shapes; Manipulate shapes; Explain shape arrangements.	Mastering Number Subitise numbers in different patterns - Subitise structured/unstructured within 10 – Appropriate to count/subitise - Develop verbal counting, 20 and beyond - Composition of 10 - Order sets of objects - Understand ordinal system Manipulate, Compose & Decompose Cont. (WRM) Select shapes for a purpose; Rotate shapes; Manipulate shapes; Explain shape arrangements. Sharing & Grouping (WRM) Explore sharing; Sharing; Explore grouping; Grouping; Even and odd sharing; Play with and build doubles.	Mastering Number Consolidation of all concepts within a variety of contexts with particular focus on: Taking away, Doubling, Sharing and grouping Even and odd, Number beyond 20. (Supplement with WRM) Visualise Build & Map (WRM) Identify units of repeating patterns; Create own pattern rules; Explore own pattern rules. Make Connections (WRM) Deepen understanding; Patterns and relationships.
Daily Routines	Self-registration, calendar, visual time-table, book voting (10 frame)					
Busy Learning	Practise taught skills. Use and apply taught skills in real life situations, maths rich environment					
Story/song-time	Practise taught skills, 'What do you notice? What do you wonder?'					

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Understanding the World (History, Geography, Science, Computing, RE) People, Culture and Community The Natural World Past and Present	We aim to become... <i>Exceptional Explorers</i> who can show curiosity about the world around them, understand how to read and draw a simple map, understand some differences between times and places. And... <i>Compassionate Citizens</i> who can help to look after their community and care for the environment, know some reasons why Cornwall is special, have an awareness of other people's cultures and beliefs. Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension. Past and present: - Talking and commenting on images, books and objects that show familiar past events and discuss the similarities and differences based on their experiences. - Using class texts to explore past and present e.g. pirates, castles and characters. - Discussing when the story takes place and the similarities and differences. People, culture and communities: - Use introduced vocabulary to describe their immediate environment including place names. Being able to interpret and identify areas on a simple map and attempt to draw their own, using observations, stories and non-fiction text. Be confident to share details about their family and community and make comparisons with other families and communities. Drawing on real life experiences and books. Joining in with SMSC discussions and RE learning and understanding similarities and differences between religious and cultural communities and how they celebrate special times in different ways. Using these discussions and experiences in their play. - Be able to compare and contrast differences and similarities in life in this country and others, using knowledge and vocabulary gained through stories and texts, maps, pictures and videos and discussions. The Natural World: - Be curious to explore the natural world and use their senses to investigate hands on experiences including natural processes e.g. ice melting, changing of the seasons. - Understand how to care for the natural environment. - Make close observations of animals and plants and draw pictures including details observed and being able to articulate using introduced vocabulary including the name of plants and animals. - Join in with discussions comparing the features of our immediate environment with those of others (local, national and the world) by drawing on first hand experiences, information from books, videos and pictures.					
History UTW – Past and Present	To know about my own life-story	To know about figures from the past (<i>Guy Fawkes/Neil Armstrong</i>)	Now and then – transport.	History of St Piran - 5 th March	To know about figures from the past (<i>Vincent Van Gogh</i>) Link to Artwork.	Now and then – the seaside.
	To know how I have changed	To know some similarities and	Fire engines from the past	To know about the past through settings, characters and events	Timelines-how do things change over time?	To know about figures from the past and why

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	Now and then – houses. To talk about the lives of the people around us. To know that the people who help us exist and what they do	differences between things in the past and now, drawing on experiences and what has been read in class (Toys and Teddy's) Traditions: Birthdays Christmas Remembrance Day	Famous explorers – link to Geography work. Launceston Castle map and investigation	encountered in books read in class and storytelling To know about figures from the present/To life/work-David Attenborough Now and then-farming	Traditions of gardening- Chinese Garden/Japanese Garden/Italian Garden	they are important (Mary Anning/Grace Darling) Fossils
Possible Enhancements	Household items (such as telephones, old iron)	Toys and Bears from the past- Trip to Charlie Bears Museum	Old map, pictures of transport through history. Old picture of Launceston/school	Farming artifacts-What could they be? Photos of farming through history	Pictures of different gardens from around the world to compare and contrast	Old compass Aquarium Trip
Geography: UTW – People, Culture and Communities WTW-The Natural World	Explore my school and all of its environments (e.g. classroom, hall, library, mud kitchen, field, playground) Where do I live and who do I live with? My home and journey to school. What do I see on the way? Are there any big buildings (e.g. church).	What is there in North Petherwin/Launceston that we already know and what can we find out? Link to other countries: E.g. Lost and Found (Oliver Jeffers). Celebrations that are important to me and my family Diwali, Hannukah, Christmas etc.	Follow a map and Recognise Landmarks- Trip to The Fire station Link to other countries: E.g. Chinese New Year Follow a simple map of school grounds. Draw own simple maps. Locate different symbols on a map.	Compare and contrast environments – polar regions, desert, jungle, under the sea, space Looking for them on the world map/ globe. Link to other countries: link to Science and habitats. Which country do different animals live in?	Sustainability and caring for our planet Where does our food come from? Link to other countries: link to Science and habitats. Which countries do they grow in?	Oceans and Seas Discussions around looking after the world – recycling, turning off lights, pick up litter etc (link with Science). Map drawing – link with aquarium visit
Enrichment opportunities	Police visit school	Charlie Bears Museum Visit Church	Fire Station Visit	Farm animal Visit	Woodland Skills Centre	Lifeguard Beach Safety Talk
Science (Thinking scientifically)	Evaluate Use their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions.	Observe and measure Observe closely, using simple equipment.	Set up enquiry Perform simple tests. Record	Make predictions Predict their outcome and carry out an investigation. Compare findings	Interpret and Report Identify and classify. Use appropriate scientific language to communicate ideas.	Ask Questions Ask simple Qs and recognise that they can be answered in different ways

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UTW-The Natural World Sustainability focus			Gather and record data to help in answering questions.		Observe and measure Observe closely, using simple equipment.	
	Growing and changing. Human life cycles. Explore the natural environment using our 5 senses. Begin to show respect and care for the natural environment.	Recognise the signs of Autumn. Features of the world and Earth (river, forests, sea, land etc...) Changing states of matter World Science Day-10 th Nov	Recognise the signs of Winter. Know some important processes and changes in the natural world including states of matter (freezing) Everyday materials – Investigate Friction Which materials help vehicles to travel furthest?	Recognise the signs of Spring. Lifecycles of animals (butterfly/frog). Animals – how have different animals adapted to their habitats? Know that animals live in hot and cold places Love our planet-how can we help care for the environment to protect animals?	Know about features of my own immediate environment and how they might vary from another. Planting seeds – observing growth. Caring for plants. parts of a plant. What will happen to this seed/bulb? What do plants need to grow? Lifecycles (plants)	Recognise the signs of Summer. Know that some things in the world are man-made and some things are natural. Explore materials and textures (recycling). Know some important processes and changes in the natural world including states of matter (melting, floating and sinking)
Enrichment opportunities:	Wild Tribe Breaking bread	Wild Tribe Nurse/Midwife visit Diwali cooking experience	Wild Tribe Balance-ability THINK-Road safety education	Wild Tribe Pet visit Health and Well-being Day Newquay Zoo Trip	Wild Tribe Planting bean and sunflower seeds. Gardening Club Growing and releasing Butterflies	Wild Tribe Making a boat to carry a passenger. Making a boat out of plasticine and tin foil Beach Trip
Technology-Computing	Engaging with age appropriate software: Ipad CD player IWB	Use iPad stopwatch app – link to maths work on time. Use Beebots – basic operations	Use of technology in home and school. What technology do you have at home? How is	Use technology to promote speaking and listening. Use Beebots - moving from A to B	Engaging with age-appropriate software Google maps on the iPad linked to Geography work.	Engaging with age-appropriate software: Produce our own images and videos using: Ipad

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			this the same/different to what you have at school? E-Safety Day.	Using the recordable devices to record.		CD player IWB
RE / SMSC UTW-People Cultures and Communities	Being Special: Where do we belong? Family structures, who is part of our families. Similarities and differences between themselves and peers. People who help us within the local community Traditions e.g. Harvest	Incarnation: Why do Christians perform Nativity plays at Christmas? How Hindus celebrate Diwali. The Christmas Story and how it is celebrated. Know that people around the world have different religions. Curiosity suitcase: Diwali (coloured rice, Henna, Diya lamps, books etc).	God/Creation: Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians? Chinese New Year. How is it celebrated? Traditions. People who help us within the local community, Curiosity suitcase: Chinese New Year (masks, chop sticks, umbrellas etc).	Salvation: Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter garden? To understand celebrations such as Mothering Sunday and Easter To understand the celebration of St Piran's Day	What places are special and why? Important places in our community and beyond To understand that there are different places of worship in both the UK and wider world which are special to people.	What times/stories are special and why? Share details about their family and community and make comparisons with other families and communities around the world. To listen to stories and reflect on what we can learn from them/ understand their importance to people
Busy Learning	Learn and practise new vocabulary, create small world environments, read and draw simple maps, look at books containing images from the past or different cultures/countries, explore the natural world around them, describe what they can see, hear and feel when outside, explore different scientific concepts					
Story/Song time	Experience, explore and talk about different people and occupations, comment on images from the past or different cultures/countries					
Expressive Arts and Design (Art, DT, Music and Drama) Creating with Materials Being Imaginative and Expressive	We aim to become... Proud Performers who can perform a song, poem or dance to an audience, retell stories with expression and confidence, play a range of percussion instruments correctly and with good rhythm. And Dynamic Designers who can choose and safely use the resources they need to make their creations, talk about what they have made and how they have made it. The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe. Creating with Materials:					

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	- Plan what they are going to create and how they will go about it - Experiment with combining a range of materials and to consider how problems can be overcome. Thinking about the best way to join materials e.g. tape, different sorts of glue, tags, string etc. - Experiment with colour mixing to produce different colours e.g. powder paint, poster paint and watercolours. - Independently use processes to shape materials e.g. scissors, tearing, sawing. - Creating collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills. - Creatively use props and materials (loose parts that can symbolise different things) to role play characters and situations whilst collaborating with others. - Review their creations and talk about them (part of the play project cycle). - Being involved and concentrating. - Keeping on trying. - Enjoying achieving what they set out to do. Being imaginative and expressive: - Know and join in with a collection of songs, rhymes and dances and perform them as part of the class, groups and individually. - Introduces a story or narrative to their play. Drawing on experiences, stories and narratives used in class and beyond. Recounting, adapting and inventing stories and narratives. - Joining in and acting out experiences with others. Keeping play going and considering others.					
Art and DT	Drawing: Explore making marks with wax crayons. To investigate the marks and patterns made by different textures. Painting and Mixed Media: Explore paint through finger painting. Describe the texture and colours as they paint. Talk about their work. Sculpture and 3D: Explore clay and its properties. Experimenting with variety of tools. Craft & Design: Develop scissor skills.	Drawing: Explore making marks with felt tips. Use felt tips to make patterns. Painting and Mixed Media: Create natural paintbrushes using found objects. Explore with natural paintbrushes and mud paint to create artwork. To talk about their work. Sculpture and 3D: Explore playdough and its properties. Use tools safely and with confidence. Craft & Design: Develop threading skills.	Drawing: Explore making marks with chalk. Make controlled large and small movements with the chalk. Compare different ways of making marks and drawing. Painting and Mixed Media: Respond to music through the medium of paint. Use paint to express ideas and feelings. Sculpture and 3D: Create natural 3D landscape pictures using found objects. Craft & Design: Explore the different ways we can join materials	Drawing: Explore mark making using pencils. Create a simple observational drawing Painting and Mixed Media: To make child-led collages using mixed media. To use loose parts to create a piece of transient art. Sculpture and 3D: Generate inspiration and conversation about sculpture art and artists. Create a design for 3D animal sculpture Craft & Design: To learn how to fold, curl and cut paper to achieve a desired effect.	Drawing: Use their observational skills to create a self portrait. Painting and Mixed Media: Explore the artist Megan Coyle. Create landscape collages inspired by the work of Megan Coyle. Sculpture and 3D: Begin to make a 3D clay sculpture using the designs created last term. Craft & Design: Create a design for a tissue paper flower.	Drawing: Use a variety of colours and materials to create a year 6 portrait. Compare how colour is used by artists. Painting and Mixed Media: Create a large piece of group artwork (Under the sea). Experiment with colour, design and painting techniques. Sculpture and 3D: Share their creation, explaining the processes they have used. Craft & Design: Refine small motor skills through the use of drawing, cutting and manipulating paper.

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		Seasonal Crafts: Making clay Divas Junk model – join with tape/glue and embellish	together and practise these techniques. Seasonal Crafts: petal mandala sun catchers			Junk model – moving parts
Focus Artist:	Pablo Picasso (abstract faces)	John Dyer (fireworks)	Wassily Kandinsky (Shapes/pattern)	Yayoi Kusama (polka dot and abstract collages)	Vincent Van Gogh (observational drawing of plants)	Olivia Pilling (colouring mixing)
Possible Enhancements:	Self-portraits Self-portraits in the style of Picasso Drawing families Building models with various materials Basic Level Joins glue stick, PVA glue with a glue brush, PVA glue with a spreader, make glue from flour	Transient art, Night pictures and natural collages. Rangoli Patterns. Use clay to mould Diva Lamps. Basic Level Joins glue stick, PVA glue with a glue brush, PVA glue with a spreader, make glue from flour	Provide children with a range of materials for children to construct with. Informal colour mixing Naming, mixing and using secondary colours Mid-Level Joins masking tape, sticky tape, folding paper and card, elastic band, sticky tack, a paper clip, a stapler	Creating 3D mini-beasts using different mediums (sculpture, collage, dough, transient art). Mid-Level Joins masking tape, sticky tape, folding paper and card, elastic band, sticky tack, a paper clip, a stapler	Still life drawings/pastel drawings of plants and flowers. Images of Van Gogh's work and create own images. Create a tissue paper flower High Level Joins hole punch (single and double) split pins, treasury tags, stitching	Water pictures, collage, shading by adding black or white Mixing colour more purposefully to make a waterscape and then adding more detail to paintings in a number of sessions High Level Joins hole punch (single and double) split pins, treasury tags, stitching
Music & Drama	Charanga – Me!	Charanga – My Stories	Charanga - Everyone	Charanga – Our World	Charanga – Big Bear Funk	Charanga – Reflect, Rewind and Replay
	Use voices expressively and creatively (nursery rhymes) Body percussion Harvest song and performance IWB and nursery rhyme sheets	Listen to music and make their own dances in response Signing nursery rhymes Exploration of other countries – dressing up in different costumes-Diwali	Listen, with concentration, to a range of music and try to move in time with it. Listening to classical music – CD player. Signing nursery rhymes	Follow and identify steady beats and rhythms. Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources, and skills.	Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds (work in pairs/in a group) Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.	Create own instrument (craft) and explain how to use it to others. Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses

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Possible enhancements	Develop storylines in their pretend play through use of real props	Firework dances Nativity singing and performance.	Story maps, props, puppets & story bags will encourage children to retell, invent and adapt stories	Outdoor performance stage - addition of percussion instruments	Outdoor performance stage – addition of tuned instruments	Puppet shows: Provide a wide range of props for play which encourage imagination. End of year production
Home corner enhancements	Home corner with baby station Autumn/Harvest foods/Halloween	Winter clothing/party ware/invitations Christmas decorations/presents/tree etc. Outdoor Role-Play-Rocket	Train station with train Chinese New Year Outdoor Role Play-Garage	Vet (animals and First Aid kit resources) Pictures of animals with their young	Garden Centre resources Flowers Sunhats and umbrellas Outdoors-Sensory Mud kitchen (herbs grown in garden)	Ice-cream shop/Café Outdoor role play-Boats and pirates
Drawing Club	Develop drawing skills, use imagination, develop stories					
Busy Learning	Learn and practise new vocabulary, sing, dance, make music and perform on their own and in a group, practise and use a range of artistic techniques and skills, use a range of tools, create collaboratively, develop storylines in pretend play, use imagination, role-play					
Story/sing time	Sing a range of songs/nursery rhymes, understand the structure of stories.					