## **Vocabulary**

**Vibration**: A quick back and forth movement.

**Sound Wave**: A type of wave that moves through the air which allows you to hear.

**Pitch**: The measure of how high or low a sound is.

**Volume**: Measure of how loud or quiet a sound is.

**Musical Instruments**: Items that can be used to make sounds.

**Percussion Instruments**: Instruments that make a sound through being hit directly.

**Wind Instruments**: Instruments that make a sound by the player blowing into or across them.

**Brass Instruments**: Instruments usually made of brass or other metals that create a sound when the player vibrates their lips into a mouthpiece.

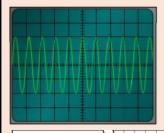
**String Instruments** – Instruments that make a sound using vibrations through a string.

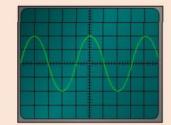
**Insulate**: To add a material to something to stop or reduce the amount of sound it produces.

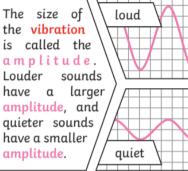


Sound is a type of energy. Sounds are created by vibrations. These vibrations travel as a wave, causing the sound to move through particles to our ears, so that we can hear it. Sounds can travel through solids, liquids and gases.

Faster vibrations = higher pitch Slower vibrations = lower pitch







<u>Pitch</u> – We change the pitch of different instruments in different wavs:

**Percussion** - Changing the size of the instrument, or on a drum, the tightness of the skin.



**Wind and Brass** - Changing the length of the column of air.





**String** - Changing the length and tightness of the strings.

